The Burden of Student Debt among Black Borrowers

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The Student Loan Crisis: Policy, Burden, and Borrower Well-Being

October 29, 2025

When leaving college:

10 years after leaving college:

Black students hold 85% more debt than Whites

Source: NLSY-97; Author analyses (Houle and Addo 2019)

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Black young adults hold 170% more debt than Whites

When leaving college:

10 years after leaving college:

Black students hold 85% more debt than Whites

Black young adults hold 170% more debt than Whites

Black young adults owe **more** 10 years after college than the average White student did when they left college.

Source: NLSY-97; Author analyses (Houle and Addo 2019)

A DREAM DEFAULTED

THE STUDENT LOAN CRISIS AMONG BLACK BORROWERS

JASON N. HOULE AND FENABA R. ADDO

FOREWORD BY

Ayanna Pressley

Introduction Missing Race in the Student Debt Debate

1 The Racialization of Student Debt

2 Off to College, Into the Red

3 Progressing Through College: No Room for Error

4 Life After College: "It Just Seems Like You're Going to Pay Forever"

5 The Hidden Costs of Debt Repayment

6 Student Debt and the Reproduction of the (Fragile) Black Middle Class

7 Upstream and Downstream Solutions Afterword The COVID-19 Pandemic

Houle, Jason N., and Fenaba R. Addo. *A dream defaulted: The student loan crisis among black borrowers*. Harvard Education Press, 2022.



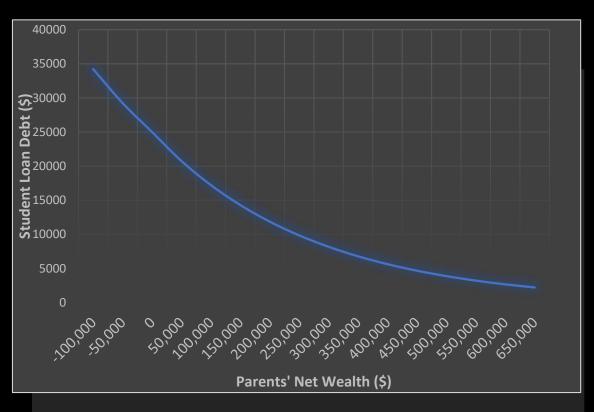




Off to College, Into the Red

Parental Wealth and Young Adult Student Loan Debt

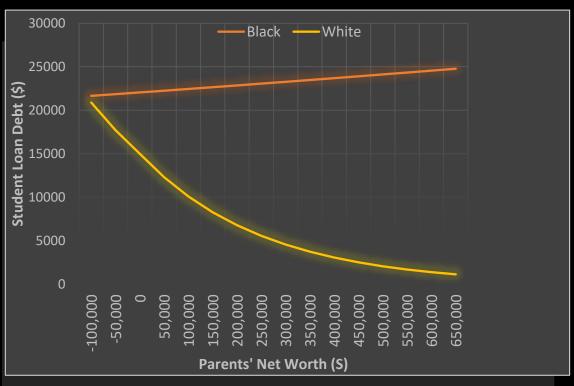
Addo, F., J. Houle, and D. Simon. 2016. "Young, Black, and (Still) in the Red: Wealth, Race, and Student Loan Debt." 2016. *Race and Social Problems* 8:64-76.





Parental Wealth and Young Adult Student Loan Debt, By Race of Young Adult

Addo, F., J. Houle, and D. Simon. 2016. "Young, Black, and (Still) in the Red: Wealth, Race, and Student Loan Debt." 2016. *Race and Social Problems* 8:64-76.





Relying on Family and Social Networks

"Mom and dad were just always there," he said. "But my aunt committed to what she called the Aunt Scholarship. She paid for my books every semester as long as I kept my GPA at a certain level. That was out of the kindness of her heart, which was a super-duper big help." Daniel, M, 22, graduate

"Freshman year, everybody helped in terms of extra money that I needed. [I was] still broke, but if I needed something, I could ask." Agnes, W, 32, graduate

The Intergenerational Cycle of Debt

"[During my college career] I took out like \$20,000. And then the loans that my parents took out—I don't know the exact number, but I think it was closer to maybe \$80 or \$90,000." Alexandra, W, 28, graduate



The Hidden Costs of Debt Repayment

Self-blame and regret

"It's like on one hand, I should've done more education for myself. But then I feel like 'no, they kind of make you feel like it's okay.' So that financial literacy part is missing ... [but] I kind of feel like I've been manipulated a bit." Naomi, 26, W, graduate

Jared, who accumulated approximately \$30,000 in debt in college, said he had no choice but to borrow, but thought that others were less responsible. 31, M, graduate

Stress, psychological anguish, and a certainty of hopelessness "like a dark cloud over my head" Lisa, 33, W, graduate

"Every time they send me an e-mail, I get a little nervous seeing the e-mail pop across my phone because, I feel like I never know what they want or I know that they could be asking for more money. Definitely stresses me out all the time." Virgil, 28, M, graduate

Dashed dreams in the transition to adulthood

Delayed Milestones

Career Reorientation and Sacrifices







Student Debt and the Reproduction of the Fragile Black Middle Class

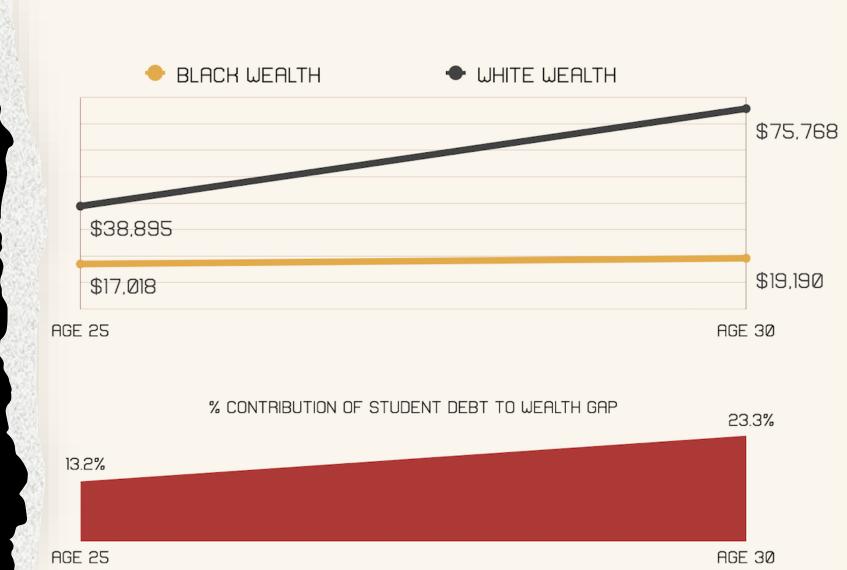
Planning for the future and falling short

"I mean, I would have more disposable income if I didn't have the debt. My net worth would be plus \$17,000 right now if I didn't have the debt. So I mean, in the abstract sense, it has impacted it. And every month, every dollar that I put toward the debt is less money that I can save or invest in something else."

Yasmine, W, 32, graduate

EXPANDING WEALTH GAPS AND STUDENT DEBT

FROM AGE 25 TO 30



The Burden of Student Debt

- Many Black families use social capital, turning to extended family and community networks for financial support.
- College costs can be a burden on extended family, which can diminish wealth further as families help fund college education, often at great personal sacrifice.
- Student debt is associated psychological, relational, and economic strains, including stress, self-blame, delayed life milestones, and constrained career choices.

Call to Action

- Higher education must consistently be critically examined for its role in perpetuating racial and economic inequalities.
- Student debt isn't just an individual burden but a societal mechanism reinforcing inequality.
- Empower borrowers by shifting the narrative from blame to systemic critique.
- Encourage a shift toward greater support to reduce financial burdens and ensure equitable access to higher education.

A DREAM DEFAULTED

THE STUDENT LOAN CRISIS AMONG BLACK BORROWERS

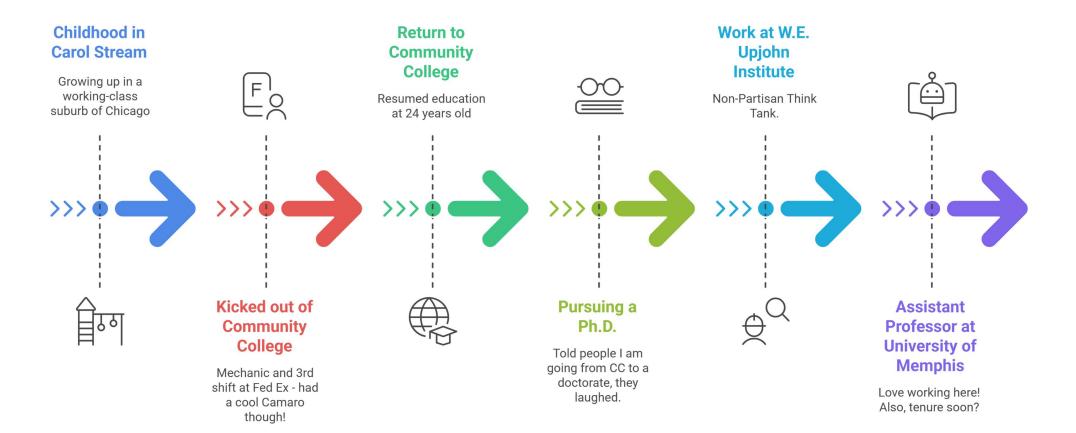


Balancing the Burden: Exploring the Impact of Student Loan Debt on Subjective Well-Being

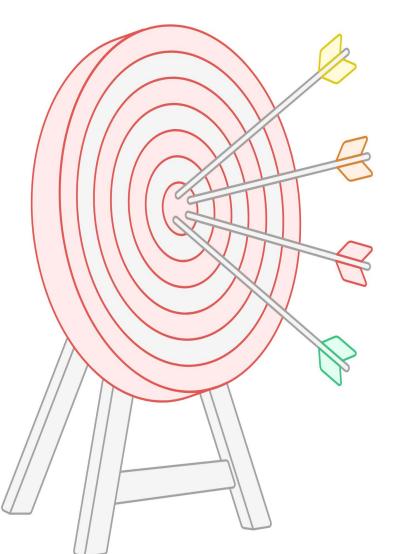
Daniel A. Collier

Who Am I, Why Am I Talking To You?





What are we talking about today?





Student Loan Debt

Central issue of the research



Income Driven Repayment

Details on program participants



Public Service Loan Forgiveness

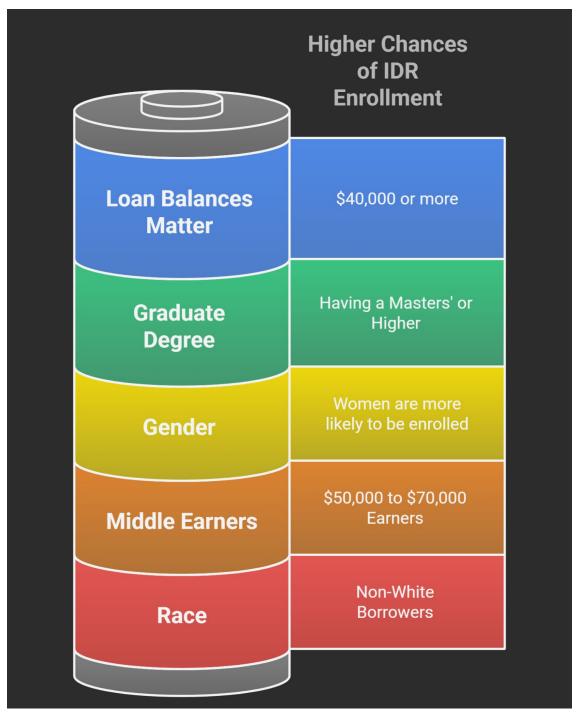
Focus on well-being and outcomes



Recent Survey Findings

Early insights into specific issues

Income Driven
Repayment:
Who are in
these
programs?



IDR v. Traditional Repayment Financial Outcomes

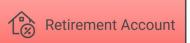
IDR vs Traditional Repayment



Less likely to have a savings account.

Less money in savings accounts.





Less likely to have retirement accounts.

Less money in retirement accounts.

Retirement Money





Lower FICO scores.

More debt overall.





Balances increase over time

Public Service Loan Forgiveness: Wave 1 Findings (2021-2022)



Credit Scores:

- Average FICO score was 705
 - "Good" category
 - Resumed payments are expected to lower scores further, underscoring forgiveness benefits.

Homeownership

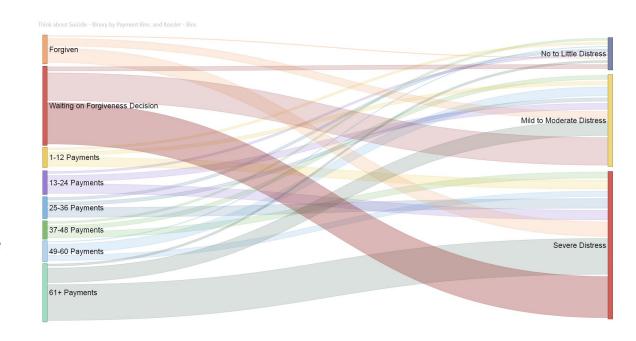
- 63% of borrowers reported homeownership
 - 10% below the national rate for bachelor's degree holders;
 - Median mortgage costs (\$1,653) and rent (\$1,400) are below national medians, contradicting stereotypes of extravagant living.

Subjective Well-Being

- Financial stress decreased significantly after forgiveness, but those with 13+ remaining payments experienced higher stress;
- Long wait times heightened financial anxiety, especially among the WOFD group.

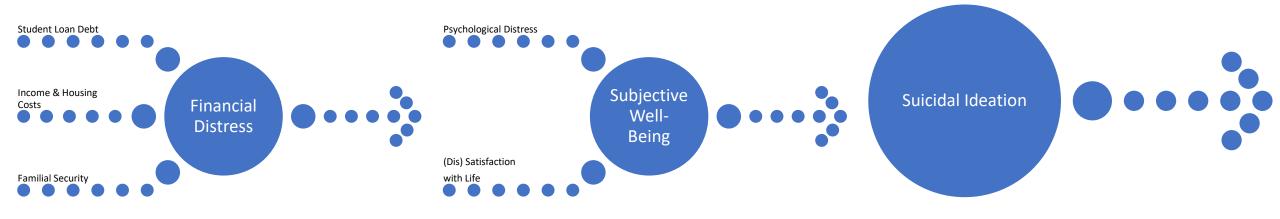
Suicidal Ideation

- 19% reported suicidal thoughts overall
 - 53% among WOFD borrowers, highlighting severe mental health impacts linked to PSLF delays and uncertainty.

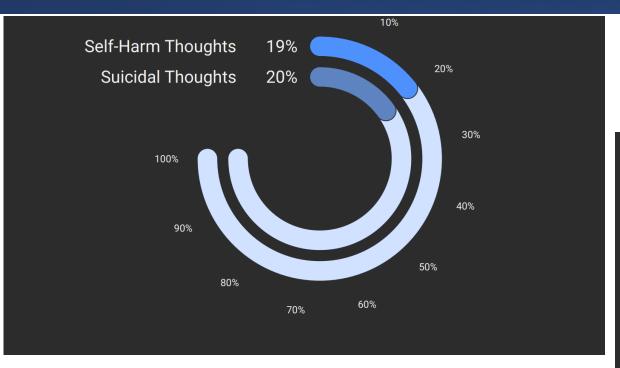


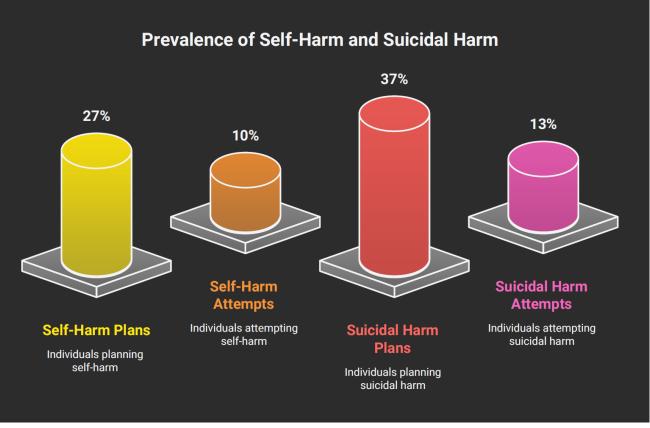
Public Service Loan Forgiveness: Subjective Well-Being





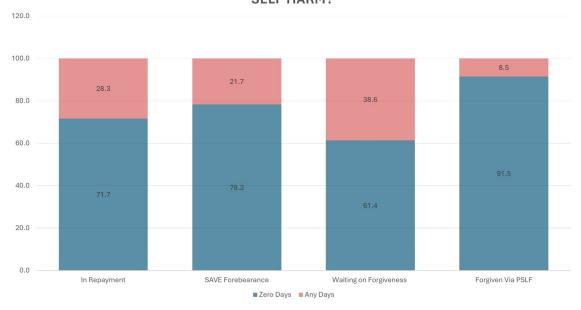
Wave 2: Early Data from 2025 – Self Harm and Suicidal Thoughts





Wave 2: Early Data from 2025

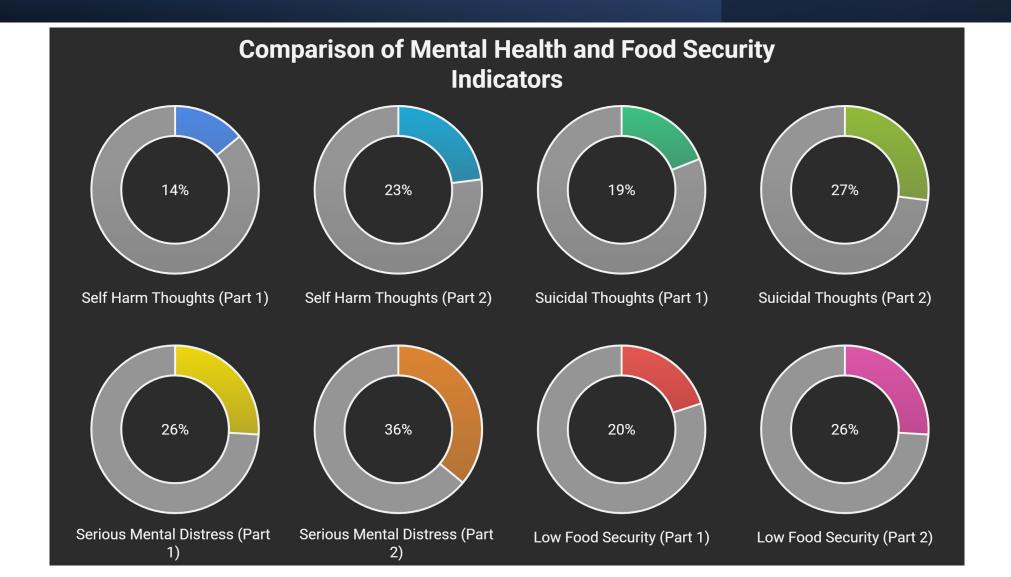
HOW MANY DAYS PER WEEK DO YOU THINK ABOUT NON-SUICIDAL SELF HARM?



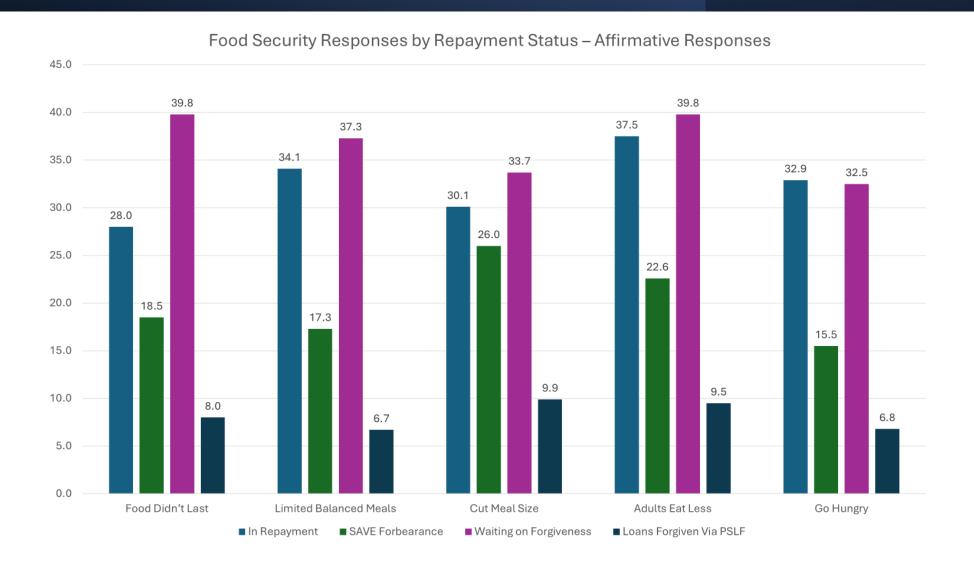
HOW MANY DAYS PER WEEK DO YOU THINK ABOUT SUICIDAL SELF HARM?



Most Recent Data Suggests Much Distress

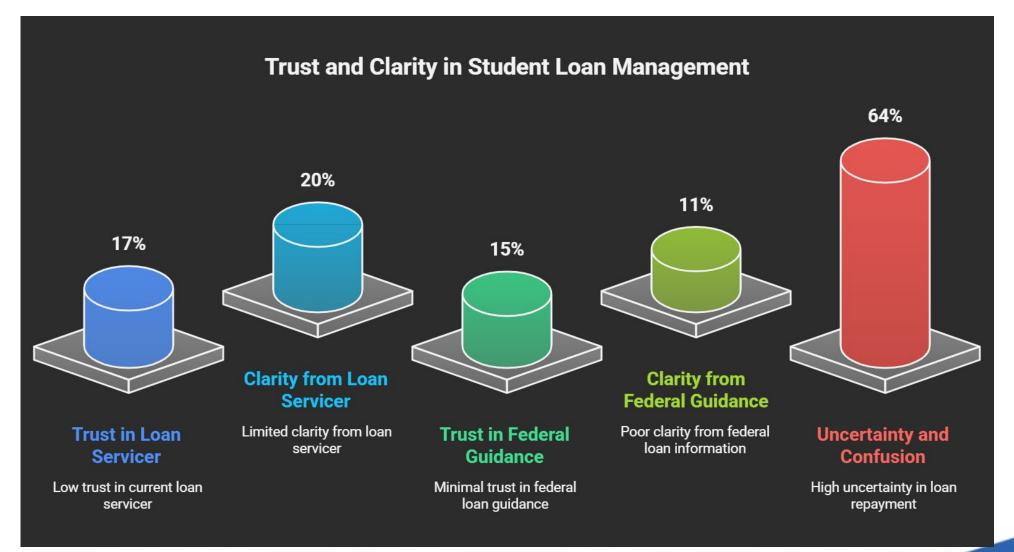


Food Security by Repayment Plan or Forgiveness

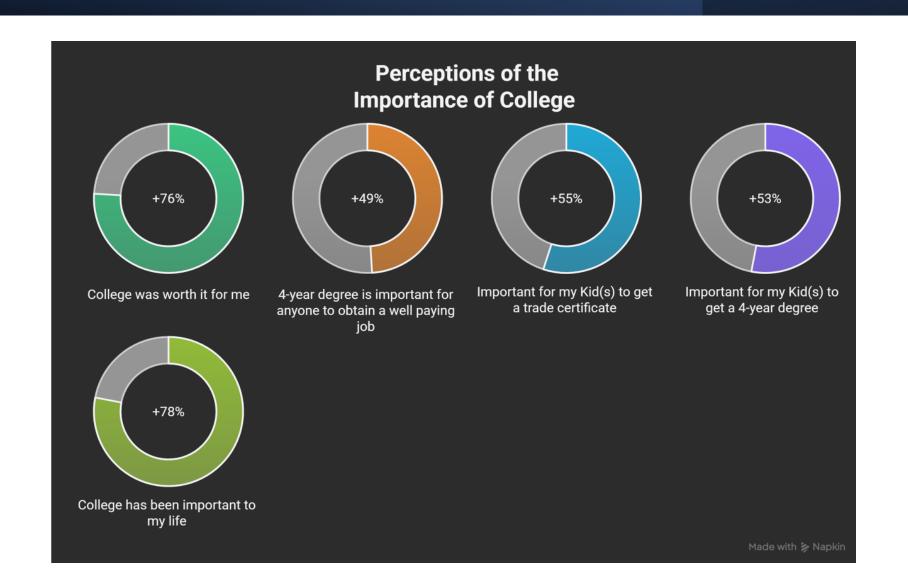


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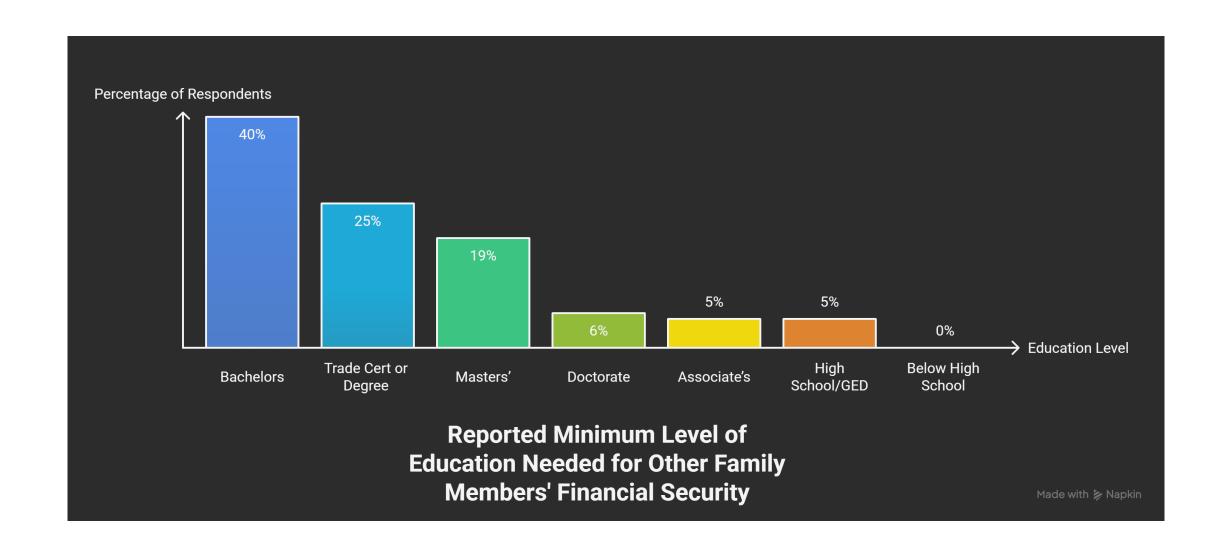




Overall – College Is Important to these Borrowers



But What Level of College Is Important?



Too much data, not enough time to talk

- Check out my website: Balancing Acts
 - Calls for new participants!
 - Read papers from Wave 1!
 - Pause and Effect
 - Dub Thee, The Forgiven
 - Hard to Concentrate
 - Listen to quotes from Borrowers, NLP
 - Neville Suicidal Ideation https://padlet.com/dcllier6/balancing-acts-narratives-from-student-loan-borrowers-in-pub-b7cjaisc407xx5vk/wish/lkDVaK1Bb9jVZPp9
 - Carrie C. Personal Relationships and Family Planning https://padlet.com/dcllier6/balancing-acts-narratives-from-student-loan-borrowers-in-pub-b7cjaisc407xx5vk/wish/j40PQDnPrbVDWvXB

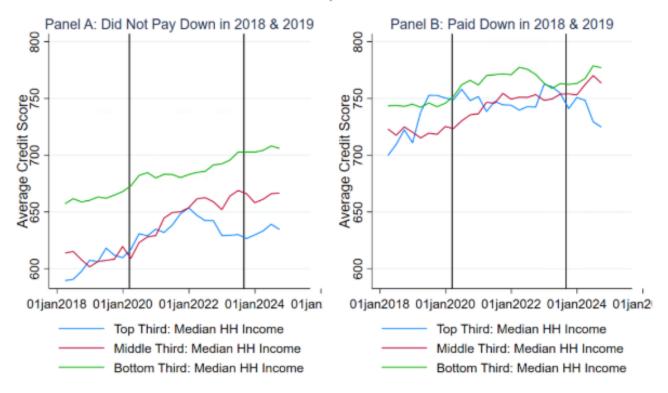


Limited Knowledge, Hard Times are Coming

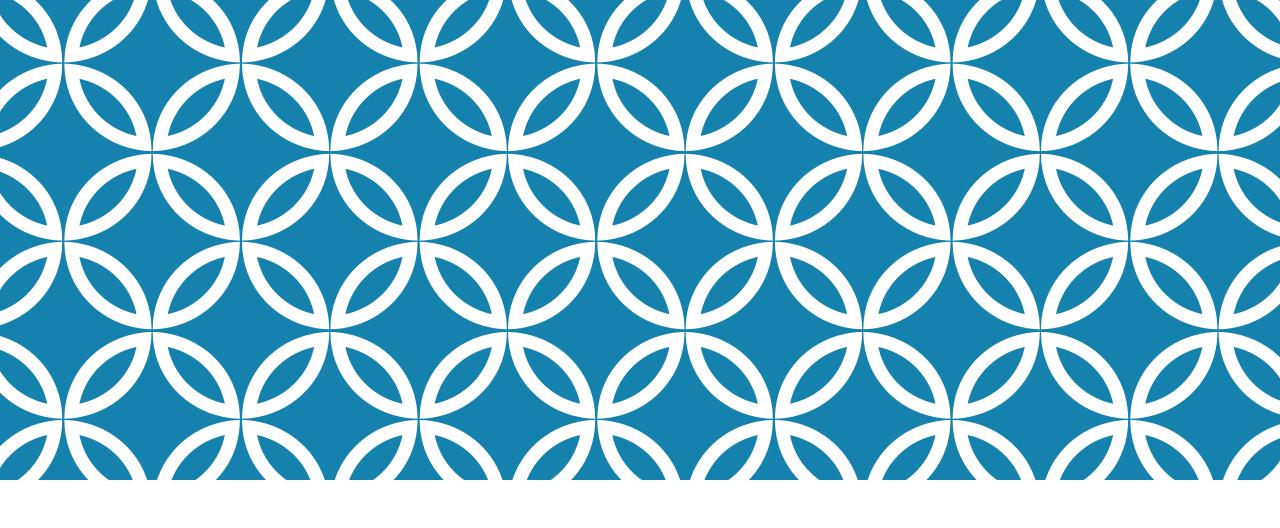


- We still do not know A LOT about borrowers
 - Data are limited
 - Fed Data locked down and limited public info
 - Credit Panel Data has limited variables
 - Proxies for race, SES advantages, IDR/Traditional Repayment
- Recessionary Trends
 - Unemployment is up, hiring is down
 - Weakening Dollar
 - Higher cost of goods higher
 - Housing slowdowns
 - Uneven federal economic policy generating uncertainty
- Likely we see increased economic pain
 - Increased financial and health-related concerns

Figure 3B: Average Credit Score March 2018-September 2024



*21.2% of person-quarter observations were not matched to ACS data and are excluded from the figure.



THE BARRIERS TO ACCESSING STATE FINANCIAL AID

Dominique J. Baker University of Delaware

October 29, 2025

WEBINAR TITLE

Student Loan Crisis: Policy, Burden, and Borrower Well-Being

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Student Loan Crisis: Policy, Burden, and Borrower Well-Being

PAPER

Everett, A., Rosinger, K., Baker, D. J., Kim, H. J., Kelchen, R., & Ortagus, J. C. (2024). Tennessee's burden: How students apply for state financial aid within one southern state. Research in Higher Education, 65(8), 1826-1852.

Obtaining and using financial aid is a complex process

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We typically focus on the federal financial aid but it is just as complex to gain access to state aid

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- \$14.9 billion in FY2024
- 80% of that went to public institutions

Obtaining and using financial aid is a complex process

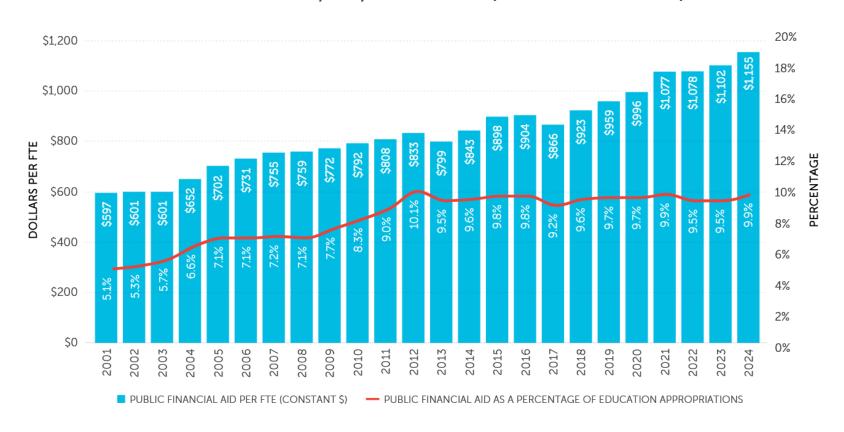
We typically focus on the federal financial aid but it is just as complex to gain access to state aid

There is no one size fits all either

STATE FINANCIAL AID: SHEEO FY2024

FIGURE 2.5

PUBLIC HIGHER EDUCATION STATE FINANCIAL AID PER FTE AND AS A PERCENTAGE
OF EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS, U.S., FY 2001-2024 (CONSTANT DOLLARS)

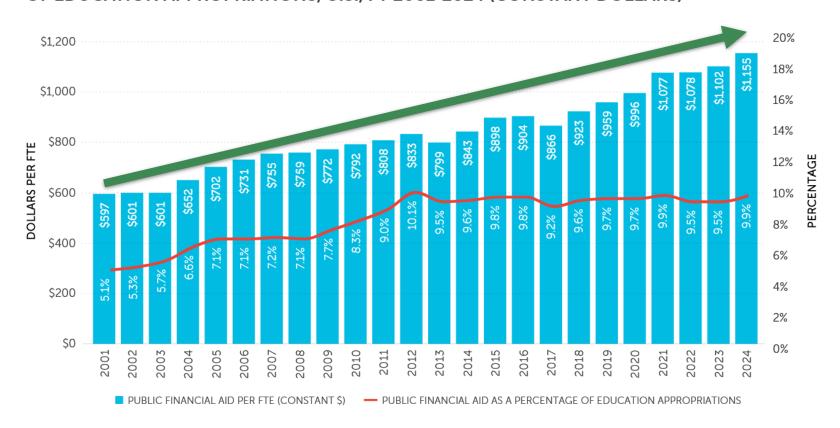


STATE FINANCIAL AID: SHEEO FY2024

FIGURE 2.5

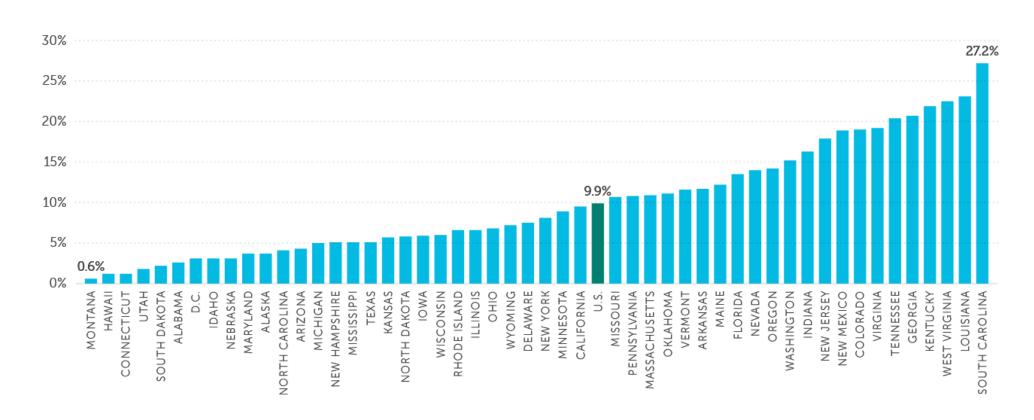
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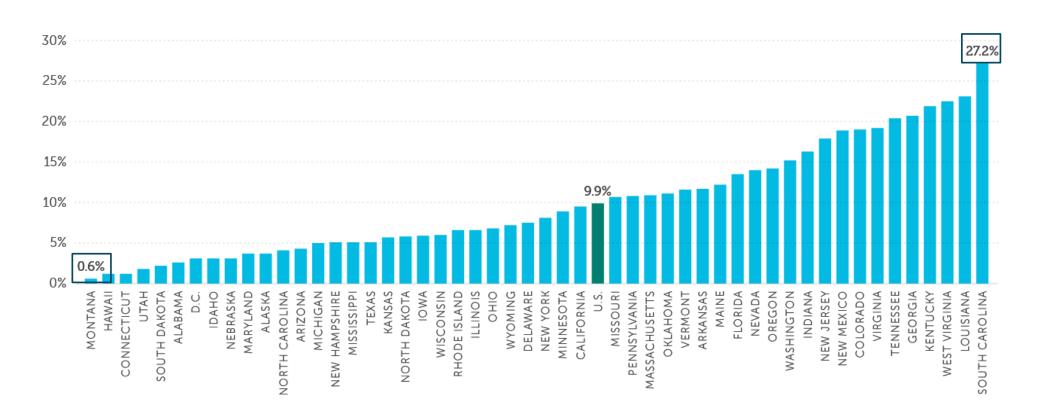
WIDE VARIATION ACROSS STATES

PUBLIC HIGHER EDUCATION STATE FINANCIAL AID AS A PERCENTAGE OF EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS BY STATE, FY 2024



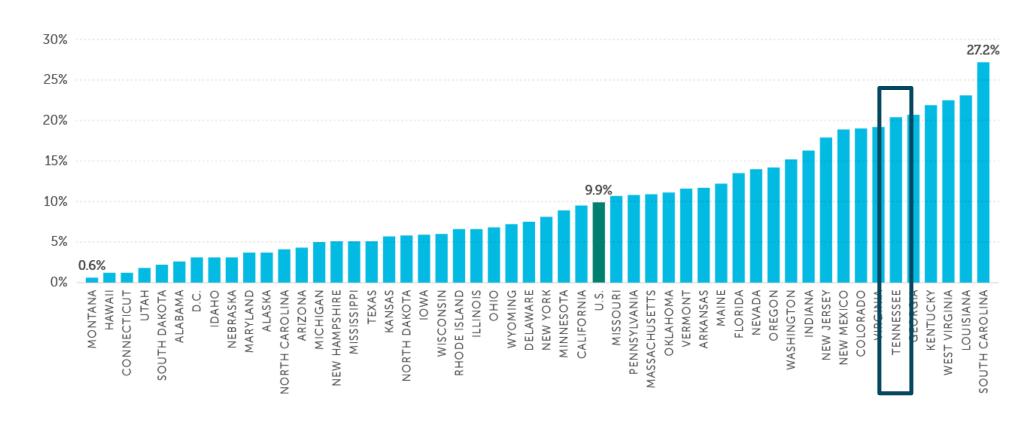
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ADMINISTRATIVE BURDEN

Frictions individuals experience in accessing public programs

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Frictions individuals experience in accessing public programs

- Learning costs
- Compliance costs
- Psychological costs

ADMINISTRATIVE BURDEN

Frictions individuals experience in accessing public programs

Typically have a stronger effect on people with less time, money, and power

ANALYSIS

Focusing on Tennessee

Examined state legislation and aid documents for 23 Tennessee aid programs from FY 2011 - 2024

Focused on 27 program features drawing on a typology from prior research

Program requirements

Application logistics

Documentation requirements

Program requirements (e.g., FAFSA, incarceration restriction)

Application logistics

Documentation requirements

Program requirements

Application logistics (e.g., essays, recommendations, first-come first-serve)

Documentation requirements

Program requirements

Application logistics

Documentation requirements (e.g., promissory note requirements)

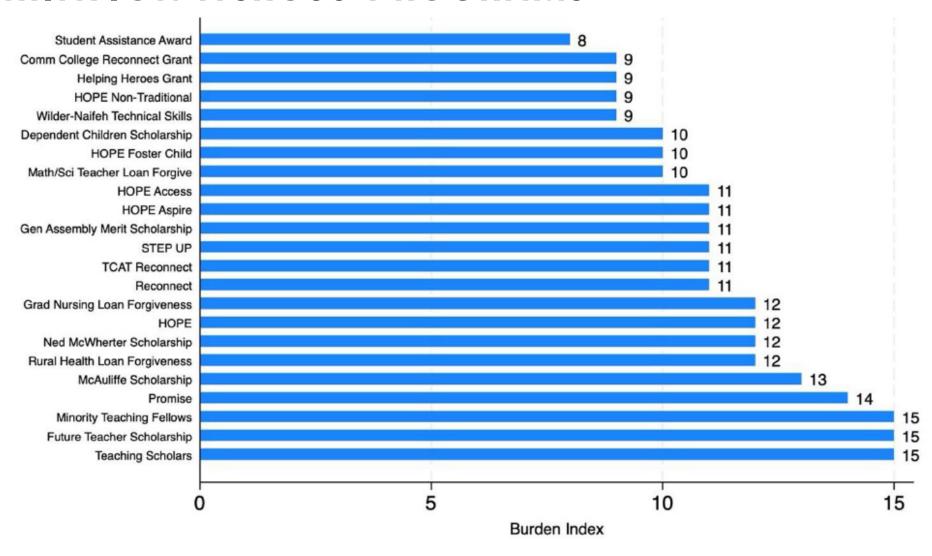
Program requirements

Application logistics

Documentation requirements

Enrollment logistics (e.g., full-time enrollment, field-of-study restriction)

VARIATION ACROSS PROGRAMS



STEADY OVER TIME

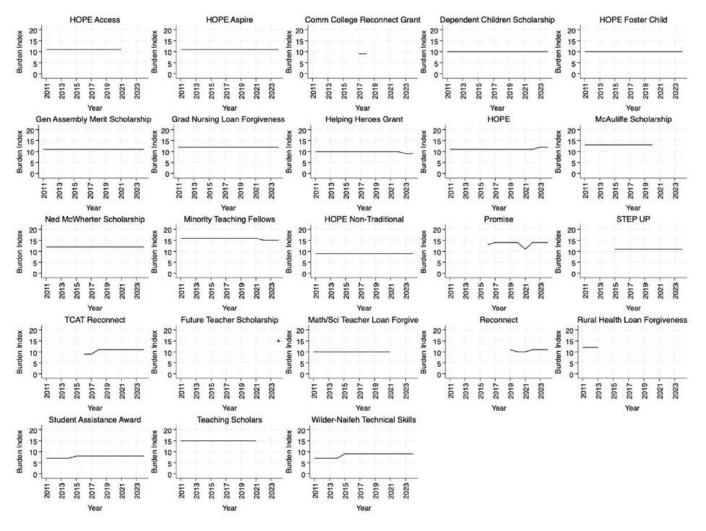


Fig. 2 Administrative burdens in state aid programs in Tennessee, 2011–2024

STEADY OVER TIME: 14 PROGRAMS

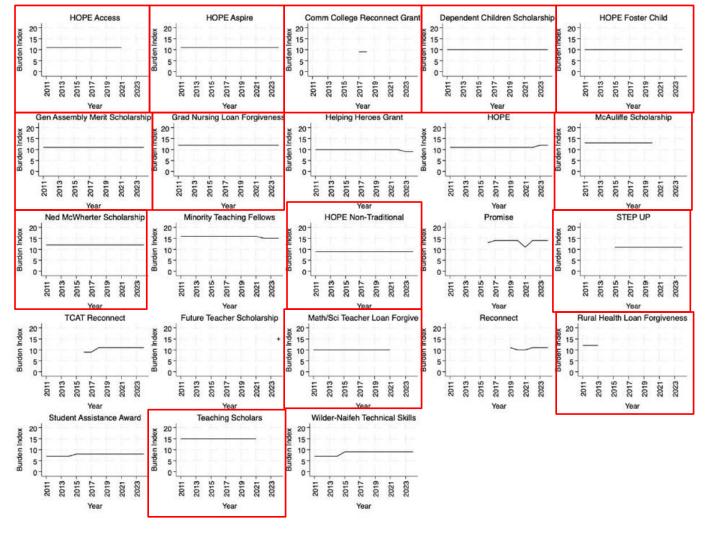


Fig. 2 Administrative burdens in state aid programs in Tennessee, 2011–2024

OVERALL FINDINGS

Financial aid targeting racially minoritized students had the highest amount of burden

Financial aid targeting technical and community colleges had, on average, the lowest amount of burden

RECOMMENDATIONS

It is not enough to "have" a program, it is just as important to understand the hoops students must jump through in order to gain access to the funds

Given that the requirements for access to state financial aid rarely become easier, it's important to think carefully about eligibility policies at their inception

Critical to understand how students and their families apply for and maintain access to state financial aid